
**Extenders for paints — Specifications and
methods of test —**

**Part 21:
Silica sand (unground natural quartz)**

*Matières de charge pour peintures — Spécifications et méthodes d'essai —
Partie 21: Sable de silice (quartz naturel non broyé)*



Reference number
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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 3262 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard ISO 3262-21 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pigments and extenders*.

Together with the other parts (see below), this part of ISO 3262 cancels and replaces ISO 3262:1975, which has been technically revised. Part 1 comprises the definition of the term extender and a number of test methods that are applicable to most extenders, whilst part 2 and the following parts specify requirements and, where appropriate, particular test methods for individual extenders.

ISO 3262 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Extenders for paints — Specifications and methods of test*

- Part 1: *Introduction and general test methods*
- Part 2: *Barytes (natural barium sulfate)*
- Part 3: *Blanc fixe*
- Part 4: *Whiting*
- Part 5: *Natural crystalline calcium carbonate*
- Part 6: *Precipitated calcium carbonate*
- Part 7: *Dolomite*
- Part 8: *Natural clay*
- Part 9: *Calcined clay*
- Part 10: *Natural talc/chlorite in lamellar form*
- Part 11: *Natural talc, in lamellar form, containing carbonates*
- Part 12: *Muscovite-type mica*
- Part 13: *Natural quartz (ground)*